

Документ подписан простой электронной подписью
 Информация о владельце:
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Diagnostic Testing Assessment Material Form

Test task for diagnostic testing in the discipline:

Dermatovenereology, 9th semester

Code, direction of training	31.05.01 General Medicine
Orientation (profile)	General Medicine
Form of study	Full-time
Department-developer	Multidisciplinary Clinical Training
Graduating Department	Hospital Therapy

Competency to be tested

Task

Answer options

Question difficulty typeQuestion difficulty type

PC-1.1
 PC-1.2
 PC-3.1
 PC-3.2
 PC-3.3
 PC-3.4

Provide one correct answer

1. What are the primary elements observed in psoriasis?

- a) nodule
- b) blister
- c) bubble
- d) tubercle

low
 PC-1.1
 PC-1.2
 PC-3.1
 PC-3.2
 PC-3.3
 PC-8.2

Provide one correct answer

2. The following laboratory tests are used to confirm the diagnosis of scabies:

- a) detection of the causative agent by microscopy
- b) detection of antibodies in blood serum
- c) intradermal test with allergen
- d) isolation of culture on a nutrient medium
- e) biochemical blood test

low
 PC-1.1

PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4

Provide one correct answer

3. Pityriasis versicolor is caused by:

- a) Malassezia spp.
- b) Pityrosporum orbiculare
- c) Microsporum ferrugineum
- d) Trichophyton rubrum
- e) Trichophyton tonsurans

low
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Provide one correct answer

4. Fluorescent glow during examination with a Wood's lamp is found in patients with:

- a) microsporia
- b) superficial trichophytosis
- c) Favus
- d) infiltrative-suppurative trichophytosis

low
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4

Provide one correct answer

5. What rashes are manifested by urticaria:

- a) papules
- b) blisters
- c) vesicle
- d) bubbles

low
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2

PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

6. List the layers of the epidermis:

- a) stratum corneum
- b) granular
- c) spiked
- d) basal
- e) stratum lucidum
- f) Malpighiev

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

7. Shingles is characterized by the following signs:

- a) sharp soreness
- b) disorders of the general condition
- c) dissemination of the rash throughout the body
- d) asymmetry and grouping of rashes

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

8. What methods are used to remove viral warts:

- a) electrocoagulation
- b) cryodestruction
- c) chemical substances
- d) phonophoresis
- e) laser destruction

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4

Include all correct answers

9. Characteristics of *Treponema pallidum*:

- a) has a spiral shape
- b) is diplococcus
- c) a unicellular pear-shaped organism
- d) streptobacillus
- e) it is poorly stained with aniline dyes

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

10. Syphilis transmission routes:

- a) household
- b) sexual
- c) congenital
- d) blood transfusion
- e) alimentary
- f) professional (medical workers)

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

11. What periods are characteristic of the general course of syphilis:

- a) secondary
- b) tertiary
- c) incubation
- d) prodromal
- e) primary

medium

PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

12. A typical chancre is characterized by the following signs:

- a) meat-red color
- b) dense base
- c) purulent discharge
- d) smooth even erosion
- e) soreness

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-8.2

Finish the sentence:

13. Manifestations of late congenital syphilis occur at the age of over ____ years (specify with a number).

medium
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

14.

15. Elements found in the tertiary period of syphilis:

- a) roseola
- b) blister
- c) tubercle
- d) vesicle

e) node

medium

PC-1.1

PC-1.2

PC-3.1

PC-3.2

PC-3.3

PC-3.4

PC-5.1

PC-5.2

PC-5.4

PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

16. What secondary morphological elements heal with the formation of a scar?

a) lichenification

b) ulcer

c) erosion

d) crack

e) excoriation

medium

PC-1.1

PC-1.2

PC-3.1

PC-3.2

PC-3.3

PC-3.4

PC-5.1

PC-5.2

PC-5.4

PC-8.2

Arrange the shuffled elements in the correct order:

17. Establish the order of syphilis periods:

a) incubation

b) primary

c) secondary

d) tertiary

high

PC-1.1

PC-1.2

PC-3.1

PC-3.2

PC-3.3

PC-3.4

PC-5.1

PC-5.2

PC-5.4

PC-8.2

Arrange the shuffled elements in the correct order:

18. Establish the order of the stages of the course of focal scleroderma

- a) edema
- b) sealing
- c) atrophy

high
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Include all correct answers

19. The secondary period of syphilis is characterized by rashes:

- a) papules
- b) roseola
- c) pustules
- d) alopecia
- e) knots
- e) Leukoderma

high
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-8.2

Finish the sentence:

20. The appearance of fresh rashes at the site of irritation or traumatization of the skin is called the phenomenon of _____

high
PC-1.1
PC-1.2
PC-3.1
PC-3.2
PC-3.3
PC-3.4
PC-5.1
PC-5.2
PC-5.4
PC-8.2

Finish the sentence:

21. The main laboratory method for diagnosing chlamydia is

high