

Документ подписан простой электронной подписью
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Form of assessment material for diagnostic testing
Key to the test task for diagnostic testing in the discipline:
FORENSIC MEDICINE, SEMESTER 11

Qualification	31.05.01 General Medicine
Specialty	General Medicine
Form of education	Full-time
Designer Department	Morphology and Physiology
Graduate Department	Hospital Therapy

Competence being tested	Task	Answer options	Question difficulty type
(GPC) – 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 1. THE OBJECTS OF FORENSIC EXAMINATION ARE:	A. corpses, living persons, material evidence, materials of court cases; B. living persons, traces of biological origin, medical insurance documents; C. corpses, material evidence, laboratory test results, living persons.	low level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 2. THE FOLLOWING SPECIALISTS MAY BE INVOLVED IN EXAMINING THE BODY AT THE SITE OF DISCOVERY:	A. surgeon B. therapist V. obstetrician-gynecologist G. pediatrician D. forensic expert	low level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Choose one correct answer 3. SKIN INJURIES HEAL MOST QUICKLY ON:	A. head B. arm C. chest D. stomach D. leg	low level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 4. BODY FRAGMENTATION IS MOST CHARACTERISTIC IN:	A. falling from a significant height B. driving over the body of a car wheel C. driving over the body of a rail vehicle wheel D. crushing the body between two massive objects	low level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 5. DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS OF CUT AND STAB-CUT WOUNDS IS BASED ON	A. the nature of damage to underlying tissues B. the relationship between the depth and length of the wound C. the location of the damage D. the degree of blood loss	low level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC)	Please select all correct answers. 6. THE	A. suspect B. accused	intermediate level

- 7	FOLLOWING MAY BE SUBJECT TO EXAMINATION:	C. victim D. witness	
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Select one correct answer 7. THE BOXER POSE IS	изменениям A. early postmortem change B. late postmortem change C. neither early nor late postmortem change	intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Select one correct answer 8. WHEN THE VEHICLE IS DRIVING AT A HIGH SPEED, THE EXTENT OF DAMAGE ON THE SIDE OF THE CHEST WHICH THE WHEEL ENTERS IS LESS THAN THE OPPOSITE SIDE WHICH THE WHEEL ROLLS OFF IS:	A. more B. less C. approximately the same	intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Choose one correct answer 9. MUMMIFICATION IS:	A. early postmortem changes B. late postmortem changes C. not classified as either early or late postmortem changes	intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 10. SIGNS OF FORCED SEXUAL INTERCOURSE INCLUDE:	A. use of physical violence B. threat of use of physical violence C. exploitation of the helpless state of the victim D. all of the above	Средний intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 11. Soft-tissue defects	A. sign of an entrance gunshot wound B. sign of an exit gunshot wound C. sign of an entrance and exit gunshot wound D. sign is not characteristic of an entrance or exit gunshot wound	Средний intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Please indicate all correct answers. 12. A CUT WOUND IS CHARACTERISTIC OF:	A. evenness, non-abrasion of edges B. intersection of underlying blood vessels C. alignment of wound edges without tissue defect D. presence of tissue bridges in the wound E. presence of tissue defect.	intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 13. THE PRESENCE OF A "LUMINOUS GAP" IN TBI CHARACTERIZES:	А. ушиб головного мозга Б. наличие внутримозговой гематомы В. субарахноидальное кровоизлияние Г. сотрясение головного мозга A. brain contusion B. presence of intracranial hematoma C. subarachnoid hemorrhage	intermediate level

		D. concussion	
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Please select all correct answers. 14. WHAT ARE THE SIGNS OF HANDS-ON CHOKING?	A. foreign particles in the openings of the nose and mouth B. crescent-shaped abrasions on the skin of the neck C. tears in the intima of the carotid arteries D. fractures of the thyroid cartilage	intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 15. IN THE LEFT TEMPORAL REGION OF THE HEAD OF THE CORPSE AT THE LEVEL OF THE OBLIQUE FRACTURE OF THE BONE OF THE SAME NAME ON THE DURA MEMBRANE, AN ACCUMULATION OF ABOUT 100 ML OF LIQUID DARK BLOOD WITH A ROUNDED COMPACTNESS OF THE BRAIN SUBSTANCE WAS FOUND. THIS INJURY IS:	A. epidural hematoma B. subdural hematoma C. subarachnoid hemorrhage D. intrastem hemorrhage D. focal cerebral contusion	intermediate level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 16. TO ESTABLISH THE VITAL (POST-MORTAM) ORIGIN OF WOUNDS DAMAGED TISSUES MUST BE SENT FOR EXAMINATION	A. forensic chemical B. forensic physical-technical C. forensic spectral D. forensic histological	High level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Make a conclusion 17. ON THE CORPSE ON THE CHEST, IN FRONT ON THE RIGHT, ALONG THE MID-CLAVICULAR LINE, IN TRANSVERSE DIRECTION FROM FRONT TO BACK, PENETRATING INTO THE ABDOMINAL CAVITY WITH DAMAGE TO THE LIVER. ON THE SKIN THE WOUND WHEN BRIDGED: THE EDGES ARE LINEAR, ITS LENGTH IS 3.7 CM. THE EDGES OF THE WOUND ARE EVEN, THE LEFT END IS SLIGHTLY ROUNDED, THE RIGHT END IS SHARP. THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE WOUND CHANNEL IS ABOUT 7.2 CM, IN THE LIVER TISSUE ON THE CROSS-CUT THE LEFT END OF THE WOUND	A. chopping tool B. cutting object C. piercing-cutting object D. piercing object E. sawing object	High level

	HAS A "U" - SHAPED APPEARANCE. THE NATURE OF THIS INJURY GIVES REASON TO BELIEVE THAT IT WAS FORMED FROM THE EFFECT OF:		
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Make a conclusion 18. IN THE OCCIPITAL REGION OF THE HEAD OF THE CORPSE, A STAR-SHAPED WOUND OF THE SOFT TEXTURE WITH A CRUCIFORM FRACTURE OF THE OCCIPITAL BONE AT ITS LEVEL, HEMORRHAGES UNDER THE MEMBRANES AND INTO THE SUBSTANCE OF THE BRAIN WAS DISCOVERED. A WOUND WITH THREE RAYS CONVERGING TOGETHER 3.2; 3.1 AND 2.9 CM IN LENGTH. THE EDGES OF THE WOUND COMBINE WHEN BRIDGED, UNEVEN, DEPOSITED TO A WIDTH OF UP TO 0.6 CM. AT THE POINT OF CONVERGENCE OF THE RAYS, DEPOSITION TRANSITIONS INTO CRUSHING. THE ENDS OF THE WOUND ARE SHARP, AT THE ENDS BETWEEN THE EDGES TISSUE JUMPERS ARE EXPRESSED. THE NATURE OF THE SCALP WOUND GIVES REASON TO BELIEVE THAT IT WAS FORMED BY THE EFFECT OF:	A. firearms B. sharp object C. blunt hard object	High level
OK-1 ОПК- 9 ПК-7 GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Indicate one correct answer 19. FOR MOVING WITH A CAR'S WHEELS, IT IS CHARACTERISTIC TO HAVE	A. tread imprint on the skin; B. bumper fracture; C. symmetrical fractures of the pelvic bones and (or) femur; D. perforated fractures of the bones of the cranial vault; D. compression fractures of the vertebral bodies.	High level
GC-1 (GPC) - 9 (PC) - 7	Make a conclusion 20. THE CAUSE OF A MEDICAL ERROR CAN BE:	A. inadequate examination of the patient B. imperfection of modern concepts of the etiology and pathogenesis of the disease C. negligence of the doctor D. atypical course of the disease	High level

