Документ подписан простой электронной подписью

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Assessment Tools

Outpatient therapy

Curriculum	31.05.01 General Medicine
Specialty	General Medicine
Form of education	full-time
Designer Department	Internal diseases
Graduate Department	Internal diseases

10 term

Competence	Task	Answers	Type of complexity
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC - 2 PC -7 PC - 11		a) recording of appealsb) recording of cases of temporary disabilityc) medical examinationd) all of the above	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 2. For the period of inpatient examination, a contract sentried by the medical commission of the military committee is issued	a) Certificate of incapacity for work issued by the clinic b) Certificate of incapacity for work issued by the hospital c) Certificate f - 095/u d) Certificate of any form issued by the hospital e) Certificate of any form issued by the clinic	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 3. The WHO criteria for chronic bronchitis is the duration of cough	a) at least 6 months a year for 2 consecutive years b) more than 4 months in a given year c) at least 3 months a year for 2 years in a row d) at least 2 months a year for 3 years in a row	low

GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 4. The triad of symptoms most characteristic for chronic bronchitis include	a) sputum production b) cough c) pulmonary hypertension d) chest pain e) shortness of breath f) sputum production, cough, shortness of breath	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 5. The main clinical signs of bronchial obstruction are	a) poor coughing up sputum b) expiratory nature of short- ness of breath c) signs of pulmonary em- physema d) bilateral crepitant rales e) "singing" dry wheezing e) coughing up sputum, shortness of breath, signs of emphysema, dry wheezing	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 6 When you are referred to a sanatorium, a certificat of disability is issued for the whole term of treatment and for the days of travel to the place of treatment and back	a) Persons affected by the accident at the Chernobyl nuclear power plant b) Liquidators of the consequences of the accident at the Mayak enterprise c) To the internationalist warriors d) All the above categories of citizens	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Indicate the correct answers For COPD, Atrovent is prescribed times per day via inhalation."1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4	A. Correct answers are 2 and 4 B. Correct answers are 3 and 2 C. Correct answers are 2 and 2 D. Correct answers are 1 and 4	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate all correct answers 8. The list of accounting documents for physical checkpoints is not included	a) F. 025/у б) F. 030/у в) F. 131/у г) F. 095/у	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 9. In the event of fever of unexpected genesis, it is necessary to exclude the following infectious diseases: 1. typhoparasitic; 2. typhus, yersiniosis; 3. malaria, hiv; 4. sepsis, tuberculosis.	1. if answers 1, 2 and 3 are correct; 2. if answers 1 and 3 are correct; 3. if answers 2 and 4 are correct; 4. if the correct answer is 4; 5. if answers 1, 2, 3 and 4 are correct.	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate the correct answer 10. The most informative objective clinical sign for diagnosis of lgk lysed form of bronchiectatic disease is	a) shortening of percussion toneb) hard breathingc) dry wheezingd) fine bubbling moist rales	average

		e) lokalized moist medium-	
		and large-bubble rales	
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate all correct answers 11. An early clinical symptom of central lung cancer is:	 dry cough or cough with mucous sputum, sometimes streaked with blood pulmonary hemorrhage shortness of breath and weight loss fever hemoptysis 	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate all correct answers 12. Detection of erosions in the antral of the stomach during fibrogastroduo- denscopy is characteristic for which treatment is carried out 1. granulomatous gastritis 2. diseases of menetrier 3. autoimmune gastritis 4. helicobacter infection 5. gks 6. proton pump inhibitors 7. gastroprotectors 8. eradication therapy 9. udhc	A. Correct answers 1, 6 and 7 B Correct answers 2, 7 and 9 C. Correct answers 3, 5 and 6 D. Correct answers 4 and 8	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate all correct answers 13. Acute laryngitis in dynamics threatens the development of:	 persistent dysphonia; acute stenosis of the larynx; asthmatic bronchitis; hypersensitivity of the larynx. 	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate all correct answers 14. For the diagnosis of chronic gastritis, pressures: 1. collection of complaints and anamnesis is enough 2. ultrasound of the obp; 3. morphological study of the gastric mucosa (gut); 4. identification of adr; 5.esophagogastroduodenoscopy (egds); 6. ph-metry of gastric contents.	A. Correct answers 1 and 4 B. Correct answers 3, 4 and 5 C. Correct answers are 2, 4 and 6 D. Correct answers 1, 2 and 4	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate all correct answers 15. Patients suffering with bronchiectatic disease usually present the following complaints: 1. fever, chest pain; 2. cough with easy mouth, often in the morning; 3. hemoptysis, pulmonary bleeding; 4. shortness of breath; 5. pain in throat when swallowing; 6. increasing temperature.	1. if the correct answer is 1,2 and 3 2. if the correct answer is 1 and 3 3. if the correct answer is 2 and 4 4. if the correct answer is 4 5. if the correct answer is 1,2,3 and 4	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Choose the correct combination of answers 16. In what cases is it legal to talk about non-resolving pneumonia?	1) by the end of the 4th week from the onset of the disease while the intoxication syn- drome persists	high

			,
		2) by the end of the 4th week from the onset of the disease without complete radiological resolution of focal infiltrative changes in the lungs 3) by the end of the 2nd week from the onset of the disease without complete radiological resolution of focal infiltrative changes in the lungs 4) by the end of the 2nd week from the onset of the disease while the intoxication syndrome persists 5) there is no correct answer.	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Choose the correct combination of an-	1) amylase activity	high
PC-1 PC- 2	swers	2) lipase activity	
PC-7 PC- 11	17. Which enzyme level increases in the	3) glucose level	
	blood when an ulcer penetrates into the	4) alkaline phosphatase activity	
	pancreas	5) none of the above	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Draw a conclusion	1) bronchial asthma	high
PC-1 PC- 2	18. A 68-year-old patient with com-	2) mild COPD	
PC-7 PC- 11	plaints of an unproductive cough in the	3) severe COPD	
	morning, dysphere on exercise, a feeling	4) everything is correct	
	of shortage of air, and fatigue. when studying the function of external respira-	5) pneumonia	
	tory (after inhalation of a bronchodilattor) fvc-72%, fev1-35%, fev1/fvc-56%. what is the preliminary diagnosis		
GC-1 GPC- 1	Draw a conclusion	A. Correct answers 1, 5 and 9	high
PC-1 PC- 2	19. Patient, 42 years old, undergoing ad-	B. Correct answers are 2, 6	
PC-7 PC- 11	ditional check-up. no complaints.	and 10	
	from history: he denies any chronic diseases. works as a human resources man-	C. Correct answers are 3, 7 and 11	
	ager. work is associated with psychoe-	D. Correct answers are 4, 8	
	motional tension. i do not smoke. stress	and 12	
	is relieved in the evening by eating a		
	plenty and prolonged eating while		
	watching tv. does not deny regular alcohol consumption.		
	objective: height 1.76 m, weight 92 kg,		
	from 106 cm. no signs of other somatic		
	pathology detected. probable diagnosis?		
	what is the required scope of investiga-		
	tions to clarify the diagnosis? what treatment should be prescribed?		
	1. obesity		
	2. metabolic syndrome		
	3. harmful consumption of alcohol		
	4. disordered eating behavior		
	5. calculation of bmi, bioimpedanometry		
	6. laboratory assessment of carbohydrate and lipid metabolism according to crite-		
	and upid inclavousin according to crite-		

	ria 7. rus-audit test 8. consultation with a psychologist and/ or clinical psychologist 9. rational low-calorie diet therapy and normalization of physical activity regime 10. metformin 11. refuse to use alcohol 12. cognitive-behavioral psychotherapy		
GC-1 GPC- 1	Please indicate the correct answer	1) C	high
PC-1 PC- 2	20. In a 45 year old man, 3 years ago af-	2) PP	
PC-7 PC- 11	ter gastric resection, the content of red	3) A	
	cells in the blood is 2.0 x 1012/l; hb 85	4) B6	
	g/l; cpu - 1.27. absorption of which vita-	5) B12	
	min caused this change in erythropoiesis		

11 term

Competence	Task	Answers	Type of complexity
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 1. To diagnose urolithiasis during pregnancy, it is most advisable to use the following research methods 1. overview radiography 2. excretory urography 3. cystoscopy 4. ultrasound	1.true 1, 2, 3 2.true 1, 2 3.all of the above are true 4. true 4all of the above is incorrect	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 2. Which medications rarely lead to constipation	 diuretics aluminum-containing antacids calcium preparations antibacterial iron preparations 	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 3. Define hypostenuria	1. увеличение частоты мочеиспускания 2. reducing the amount of urine 3. reducing the frequency of urination 4. decrease in the specific gravity of urine 5. increase in the specific gravity of urine	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 4. During the day, patient p. excreted 800 ml of urine, and at night 1,350. What is the name of this condition?	 dysuria pollakiuria nicturia polyuria oliguria 	low

GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 5. Which drug should not be used to relieve a hypertensive crisis?	1) corinthian 2) enalapril 3) clonidine 4) captopril 5) furosemide	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 6 The absolute indication for termination of pregnancy in case of vomiting of pregnant women is: 1. renal insufficiency; 2. liver failure; 3. comatose state; 4. significant reduction in body weight	1. The answers are correct 1, 2, 3. 2. The answers are correct 1, 3. 3. The answers are correct 2, 4. 4. Only the answer is correct 4. 5. All the answers are correct.	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify the correct answers 7. Contraindications to oral litholytic therapy for cholelithiasis will be all provisions except	 diarrhea pregnancy exacerbations frequent seizures stone size up to 1.5 cm 	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 8. What characterizes the hyperkinetic form of gallbladder dyskinesia	1. colicky or cramping pains 2. pain that appears 1-2 hours after eating, usually radiating to the right shoulder blade, collarbone, often to the lower back and epigastric region 3. With the addition the gallbladder and its accelerated emptying, revealed by X-ray examination 4. All of the above is true 5. marked weakness	average
GK-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Enter the correct answer 9. For symptomatic renal arterial hypertension, everything is true except	1) there is a predominant increase in the diastolic component of blood pressure 2) kidney angiography will be the optimal diagnostic method 3) there is a decrease in plasma renin activity with the administration of ACE	average

		4) the captopril sample is positive 5) develops more often in old age	
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Enter the correct answer 10. What are the approximate terms of temporary disability in angina pectoris 2 fc	1) 3-5 days 2) 5-15 days 3) 10-15 days 4) 20 days 5) 30-60 days	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 11. Specify the characteristics of the coprological syndrome in fermentation dyspepsia	1. dark unformed feces with a fetid odor 2.light foamy feces with a sour smell 3.no starch grains 4. yellowish shiny feces 5. the presence of neutral fat droplets, fatty acid crystals	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 12. Which of the drugs may be missing in the treatment regimen of a patient with coronary heart disease, angina pectoris 3 fc and CH 1 ct.	1) IAPF 2) aspirin 3) Statin 4) B-blocker 5) cardiac glycosides	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 13. A reliable criterion for myocardial ischemia in bicycle ergometry is	1) reducing the voltage of all teeth 2) ST segment elevation less than 1 mm 3) ST depression of more than 2 mm 4) the appearance of negative teeth T 5) tachycardia	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 14. Which of the following groups of antihypertensive drugs is not allowed prescribe to a patient with hypertension of which bronchial asthma is concomitant	1) ACE inhibitors – renitek, kapoten 2) calcium antagonists – corinfar retard, norvask 3) non–selective beta - blockers – obsidan, anaprilin 4) diuretics – hypothyazid, arifon 5) all groups are contraindicated	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 15. Which of the symptoms is most reliable for angina pectoris	1) chest pain during exercise 2) rhythm disturbance 3) depression of the st interval, recorded during an attack of pain 4) pathological tooth q 5) ST elevation at the height of pain	average

GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Choose the right combination of answers 16. What condition is characterized by severe, cramping pain in the area of the penis and in the epigastrium, the duration of the attack is 1-2 minutes, with a frequency of 3-10 minutes, vomiting, stools and gas retention, a soft abdomen on palpation, an empty ampoule of the rectum during rectal examination	 acute appendicitis acute cholecystitis intestinal obstruction acute pancreatitis everything is true 	high
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Choose the right combination of answers)g 17. What is the indication for hemodialysis in a patient with diabetes mellitus complicated by diabetic nephropathy with the development of chronic renal failure?	lomerular filtration rate less than 30 ml/min, serum creatinine level >300 mmol/l 2) glomerular filtration rate less than 15 ml/min, serum creatinine level >600 mmol/l 3) glomerular filtration rate less than 30 ml/min, serum creatinine level >300 mmol/l 4) glomerular filtration rate less than 30 ml/min, serum creatinine level >600 mmol/l 4) glomerular filtration rate less than 30 ml/min, serum creatinine level >600 mmol/l 5) there is no correct answer	high
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Make a conclusion 18. Which symptom is not typical for crf	 dry mouth nausea, vomiting itchy skin hemoptysis polyuria 	high
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Choose the right combination of answers 19. With a combination of hypertension and diabetic nephropathy, which drug group should be included in therapy	 B-blockers IAPF calcium antagonists diuretics a combination of diuretics and ACE inhibitors is necessary 	high

12 term

Competence	Task	Answers	Type of complexity
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. A local general practitioner was called to a 15-year-old teenager due to sudden profuse vomiting and abdominal pain. He got sore throat a week ago. At my grandmother's insistence, i took aspirin for several days. A few hours ago i drank 2 cups of fresh coffee and felt general weakness, dizziness, "flickering of flies". The day before, i ate jelly, fried chicken, chocolate cake, oranges, pineapple, drank tea, pepsi-cola. The vomit resembles coffee grounds, contains lumps of food eaten the day before. The patient is pale, heart rate is 100 in 1 min, weak filling, blood pressure is 100/50 mmhg. The abdomen is soft, painful on palpation in the epigastric region. There was no stool in the last 24 hours. The most likely diagnosis	a) food poisoning b) acute pancreatitis c) Mallory—Weiss syndrome d) allergic enterocolitis e) erosive gastritis	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 2. Preventive treatment of patients with peptic ulcer disease	a) it is prescribed to all patients with YAB b)it is prescribed only in cases of risk factors c) preventive treatment is carried out as a seasonal anti-relapse d) a complex of drugs is used during preventive measures e) only H2-	low

GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 3. A 49-year-old patient underwent surgery for ulcerative bleeding with	histaminoreceptor blockers are prescribed prophylactically a) hypoglycemia syndrome b) agastric asthenia c) adductor loop syndrome	low
	perforation 5 years ago. He notes pains similar to the previous ones, ulcerative, but localized in the epigastric region on the left. Notes vomiting at the height of pain and weight loss. Conservative treatment is ineffective. In feces, the gregersen reaction (). Which of the following diseases should be suspected first	d) peptic ulcer of anasto- mosis e) dumping syndrome	
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 4. A 52-year-old patient has had a feeling of heaviness in the right hypochondrium, nausea, and slight jaundice for a long time against the background of asthenic complaints. At this time, the biochemical parameters of liver function are impaired: alt, bilirubin, sulemic test, thymol test, protein fractions. Relapses are associated with infections. Performance is maintained. which of the following diagnoses corresponds to the clinical syndrome and laboratory data	a) portal cirrhosis of the liver b) chronic persistent hepatitis c) biliary cirrhosis of the liver d) chronic active hepatitis e) pseudocyrrhosis of the liver	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Please indicate one correct answer. 5. A 75-year-old man experiences severe pain in the mesogastric region in combination with vomiting and bloating about 30 minutes after eating. Over the past few months, he has lost 6 kg, as he limited his food intake, fearing that it would provoke the appearance of pain. During the asymptomatic period, an examination of the abdomen without features. noise is heard above the right femoral artery, peripheral pulsation is reduced in both lower extremities. Stool test for latent blood is negative. Fibrogastroduodenoscopy, irrigoscopy and colonoscopy revealed no pathological changes. this condition is most likely due to	a)psychogenic factors b) neoplasm c) inflammation d) ischemia e) transient obstruction	low
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Enter the correct answer 6 The absolute indication for termination of pregnancy in case of vomiting of preg- nant women is: 1. renal insufficiency; 2. liver failure;	 The answers are correct 1, 3. The answers are correct 1, The answers are correct 2, 4. 	average
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	

	3. comatose state;	4. Only the answer is correct	
	4. significant reduction in body weight	4. 5. All the answers are correct.	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Specify the correct answers	1. diarrhea	average
PC-1 PC- 2	7. Contraindications to oral litholytic	2. pregnancy	
PC-7 PC- 11	therapy for gi will be all provisions ex-	3. exacerbations	
	cept	4. frequent seizures	
		5. Stone size up to 1.5 cm	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Specify all the correct answers	1. colicky or cramping	average
PC-1 PC- 2	8. What characterizes the hyperkinetic	pains	
PC-7 PC- 11	form of gallbladder dyskinesia	2. pain that appears 1-2	
		hours after eating, usually	
		radiating to the right shoul-	
		der blade, collarbone, often	
		to the lower back and epi-	
		gastric region	
		3. With the contraction of	
		the gallbladder and its ac-	
		celerated emptying, re-	
		vealed by X-ray examina-	
		tion	
		4. All of the above is true	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Enter the correct answer	5. marked weakness	overe co
PC-1 PC- 2	9. For symptomatic renal arterial	1) there is a predominant increase in the diastolic	average
PC-7 PC- 11	hypertension, everything is true except	component of blood	
		pressure	
		2) kidney angiography will	
		be the optimal diagnostic	
		method	
		3) there is a decrease in	
		plasma renin activity with	
		the administration of ACE	
		4) The captopril sample is	
		positive	
		5) develops more often in	
		old age	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Enter the correct answer	1) 3-5 days	average
PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	10. What are the approximate terms of temporary disability in angina pectoris 2	2) 5-15 days	
10-/10-11	fc	3) 10-15 days	
		4) 20 days	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Enter the correct answer	5) 30-60 days a) shortening of the percus-	average
PC-1 PC- 2	11. The most informative objective clini-	sion tone	average
PC-7 PC- 11	cal sign for the diagnosis of a generalized	b) hard breathing	
	form of bronchiectasis is	c) dry wheezing	
		d) small-bubbly wet wheezes	
		e) localized moist medium-	
CC 1 CDC 1	Specify all the compact analysis	and large-bubbly wheezes	ayana ac
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2	Specify all the correct answers 12. An early clinical symptom of central	1. dry cough or cough with mucous sputum, sometimes	average
10-1 10- 2	12. An early chinear symptom of central	mucous sputum, sometimes	

PC-7 PC- 11	lung cancer is:	containing streaks of blood 2. pulmonary hemorrhage 3. shortness of breath and weight loss 4. fever 5. hemoptysis	
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 13. The detection of erosions in the antrum of the stomach during fibrogastroduodenoscopy is typical for the treatment of which is carried out 1. granulomatous gastritis 2. menetrieu diseases 3. autoimmune gastritis 4. helicobacter infection 5. gcs 6. proton pump inhibitors 7. gastroprotectors 8. eradication therapy 9. udhk	A. Correct answers 1, 6 and 7 B Correct answers 2, 7 and 9 C. Correct answers 3, 5 and 6 D. Correct answers 4 and 8	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 14. Acute laryngitis in dynamics threatens the development of:	 persistent dysphonia; acute laryngeal stenosis; asthmatic bronchitis; hypersensitivity of the larynx. 	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Specify all the correct answers 15.For the diagnosis of chronic gastritis, pgkazanes: 1. it is enough to collect complaints and anamnesis 2. ultrasound of the obp; 3. morphological examination of the gastric mucosa (soj); 4. identification of hp; 5.esophagogastroduodenoscopy (egds); 6. ph-metric of gastric contents.	A. Correct answers 1, and 4 B. Correct answers 3, 4, and 5 C. Correct answers 2, 4 and 6 D. Correct answers 1, 2 and 4	average
GC-1 GPC- 1 PC-1 PC- 2 PC-7 PC- 11	Choose the right combination of answers 16. In which cases is it legitimate to talk about non-resolving pneumonia	1) by the end of the 4th week from the onset of the disease, while maintaining the intoxication syndrome 2) by the end of the 4th week from the onset of the disease without complete X-ray resolution of focal infiltrative changes in the lungs 3) by the end of the 2nd week from the onset of the disease without complete X-ray resolution of focal infiltrative changes in the lungs 4) by the end of the 2nd week from the onset of the disease, while maintaining the intoxication syndrome	high

		5) There is no correct answer.	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Make a conclusion	1. dry mouth	high
PC-1 PC- 2	17. Which symptom is not typical for crf	2. nausea, vomiting	
PC-7 PC- 11		3. itchy skin	
		4. hemoptysis	
		5. polyuria	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Choose the right combination of answers	1) In-BLGK.	high
PC-1 PC- 2	18. With a combination of hypertension	2) IAPF	
PC-7 PC- 11	and diabetic nephropathy, which drug	3) calcium antagonists	
	group should be included in therapy	4) diuretics	
		5)a combination of	
		diuretics and ACE	
		inhibitors is necessary	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Please indicate one correct answer.	a) at least 6 months a year for	high
PC-1 PC- 2	19. The WHO criteria for chronic bron-	2 consecutive years	
PC-7 PC- 11	chitis is the duration of cough	b) more than 4 months in a	
		given year c) at least 3 months a year for	
		2 years in a row	
		d) at least 2 months a year for	
		3 years in a row	
GC-1 GPC- 1	Enter the correct answer	1) rheumatoid arthritis	high
PC-1 PC- 2	20. After returning from the restaurant at	2) reactive arthritis	
PC-7 PC- 11	night, a 53-year-old patient had sharp	3) gouty arthritis	
	pains in the area of the thumb of the left	4) rheumatoid arthritis	
	foot, the temperature was 38.3 ° c. On	5) there is no correct an-	
	examination, swelling of the i metatar-	swer	
	sophalangeal joint was revealed, bright		
	hyperemia of the skin around it. Touch-		
	ing the finger causes a sharp increase in		
	pain. What is the most likely diagnosis?		