

Документ подписан простой электронной подписью  
Информация о владельце:  
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## Form of assessment material for diagnostic testing

### Test task for diagnostic testing in the discipline:

#### **INFECTIOUS DISEASES, SEMESTER 9**

Code, direction of preparation	31.05.01 Medical practice
Directionality (profile)	medical practice
Form of study	full-time
Department of Development	Multidisciplinary clinical training
Graduating department	internal diseases

Competence being tested	Exercise	Answer options	Question difficulty type
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b>Please indicate one correct answer.</b> 1. Typhoid fever is characterized by:	a) Gradual onset of the disease with maximum severity of clinical symptoms on the 8-9th day b) Acute onset of the disease c) Presence of atypical forms d) Frequent detection of the prodromal period d) All of the above	short
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b>Please indicate one correct answer.</b> 2. Choose one characteristic of the colitic variant of salmonellosis from the listed symptoms::	a) profuse liquid stool with mucus and blood b) loose watery stools c) scanty stool with mucus and blood d) rectal spitting d) pain in the epigastric region	short
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b>Please indicate one correct answer.</b> 3. Specify the characteristic exanthema in the typhoid-like variant of the generalized form of salmonellosis:	a) vesicular b) pustular c) papular d) roseola d) large-spotted	short
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b>Please indicate one correct answer.</b> 4. The main method of therapy for patients with generalized salmonellosis is:	a) diet therapy b) etiotropic therapy c) symptomatic therapy d) immunomodulatory therapy d) vitamin therapy	short
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b>Please indicate one correct answer.</b> 5. Specify the leading direction for the prevention of food toxic infections:	a) immunoprophylaxis b) vaccination c) compliance with sanitary and hygienic rules d) seroprophylaxis d) hardening of the body	short

PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 6. To confirm the diagnosis of botulism, the toxin content is determined	a) food products b) the patient's blood c) cerebrospinal fluid d) vomit. e) feces e) urine by ELISA method	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 7. Skin manifestations in pseudo-tuberculosis:	a) facial swelling b) facial hyperemia (the "hood" symptom) c) hyperemia of the palms and feet (glove and sock syndromes) d) annular erythema	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 8. Human enterovirus ECHO and Coxsackie cause	a) Influenza-like illnesses b) Aseptic meningitis, encephalitis c) Diarrhea in young children d) Hemorrhagic conjunctivitis , herpetic sore throat d) All of the above	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 9. Enterovirus infections are characterized by	a) pneumonia b) epidemic myalgia c) purulent meningitis d) serous meningitis d) herpetic angina	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 10. Selective damage to the hepatobiliary system is characteristic of:	a) opisthorchiasis b) ascariasis c) echinococcosis d) fascioliasis d) enterobiasis	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 11. At 12, iron deficiency anemia develops when:	a) diphyllbothriasis b) trichinosis c) ascariasis d) enterobiasis d) trichuriasis	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 12. Etiotropic treatment of opisthorchiasis includes:	a) use of praziquantel b) use of chloxyl c) hyposensitizing agents d) detoxification therapy d) prescribing antispasmodics	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC-8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 13. Specify the source of infection with ascariasis:	a) Man b) Dog c) Cat d) Cattle	average
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC-3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC-	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 14. The main symptoms of flu:	a) headache b) high fever c) enlarged liver	average

5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2		d) cough e) lymphadenopathy	
PC-1.1 PC- 1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC- 3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC- 5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Please indicate all correct answers</i></b> 15. With flu, intoxication and catarrhal syndromes appear	a) simultaneously b) catarrhal syndrome is delayed c) the intoxication syndrome is delayed	average
PC-1.1 PC- 1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC- 3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC- 5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Continue the sentence</i></b> 16. Rice-water-type stool is typical for		high
PC-1.1 PC- 1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC- 3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC- 5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Make a diagnosis</i></b> 17. A 37-year-old patient came to the hotel medical center complaining of headache, muscle pain, severe weakness, fever up to 39.5°C, dry cough. He has been ill for 2 days, became ill acutely. He has been staying at the hotel for 7 days, and is a conference participant. The meeting is taking place in the hotel conference hall equipped with an air conditioning system. According to the records in the medical center's patient registration log, 12 conference participants have come to the medical center with similar complaints over the past 3 days. There have been no repeat visits.		high
PC-1.1 PC- 1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC- 3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC- 5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Finish the sentence</i></b> 18. Govorov- Godelier's symptom is characteristic of		high
PC-1.1 PC- 1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC- 3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC- 5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2	<b><i>Make a diagnosis</i></b> 19. Patient C., 30 years old, has been observed by a clinic doctor for 4 days with a diagnosis of "flu". He called the doctor again due to worsening of his condition. It is known from the anamnesis that he fell ill on 20.08, when chills appeared, temperature of 39.0°C, he noted severe muscle pain, headache, and vomiting. He took various medications, including tetracycline (2-3 tablets), the temperature dropped to 37.8°C, and the patient decided that he was recovering. But on 24.08 the		high

	<p>condition worsened, the headache intensified, and vomiting resumed. During examination, attention is drawn to injection of the conjunctival vessels, icterus of the sclera, hyperemia of the face, and an enlarged liver. Muscle hyperesthesia, pronounced rigidity of the occipital muscles, Kernig's symptom and lower Brudzinsky symptom are noted . Temperature 38.6°C.</p> <p>10 days before the disease he was fishing in the lake, swimming, drinking raw water. He was hospitalized with a diagnosis of meningitis.</p>		
PC-1.1 PC- 1.2 PC-2.1 PC-3.1 PC- 3.2 PC-3.3 PC-3.4 PC- 5.2 PC-7.2 PC-7.4 PC- 8.1 PC-8.2	<p><b><i>Finish the sentence</i></b></p> <p>20. During the height of typhus, there appears</p>		high